and Dwarka and six low power (100 Watt) TV transmitters at Vadodra, Surat, Bhavnagar, Patan, Bharuch and Navasari were set up in Gujarat during this period.

A low power (100 watt) TV transmitter at Bhuj is under implementation and is expected to be commissioned by 31-12-86.

Suggestions and representations have been received from time to time for improvement of radio and T V. facilities in the State. The following new schemes have been included in the VII Plan of All India Radio and Doordarshan:—

All India Radio

In its 7th Five Year Plan, AIR propose to set up new radio stations at Surat, Ahwa and Godhra. Besides, the power of the existing 50 KW MW transmitter at Ahmedabad is proposed to be upgraded to 200 KW MW.

Doordarshan

Provision has been made in the 7th Plan for setting up low power (100 watt) TV transmitters at Veraval, Palanpur, Surendra Nagar, Junagarh, Amreli, Valsad, Ahwa and Godhra. A full fleedged TV Studio Centre at Ahmedabad is under implementation as part of the VI Plan and is expected to be commissioned by the end of 1986-87. Establishment of Studio Centre at Rajkot is also included in the VII Plan.

Registration of Voluntary Organisations Engaged in the Welfare Activities

@543. SHRI CHITTA BASU:
SHRI RAMAKRISHNA MAZUMDER:

Will the Minister of WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether voluntary organisations engaged in welfare activities are required to register themselves under the law of the land;

(b) if so, the number of organisations thus registered and the amount of money received by them during the financial year 1985-86; and

(c) the names of such organisations in the Eastern and North-Eastern States and the details of their activities during 1985-86 and till July, 1986 as also the amount received by them?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WELFARE (SHRI GIRDHAR GOMANGO): (a) and (b) Registration of voluntary organisations engaged in welfare activities is not mandatory but such registration is one of the conditions for sanctioning grant-in-aid by this Ministry to voluntary organisations.

During 1985-86, a total of 1116 voluntary organisations were recommended by the State Governments for grant-in-aid and a total amount of Rs. 775.99 lakhs was sanctioned to them.

(c) A statement is enclosed. [*See* Appendix CXXXIX, Annexure No. 33].

Government accommodation with the Central Government Employees

544. DR. MOHD. HASHIM KIDWAI: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of the Central Government employees on the waiting list for allotment of Government accommodation till June 30th, 1986;

(b) the number of Officers and Class II employees who own houses and are still occupying Government accommodation;

(c) the percentage of Government employees provided with Government accommodation till date; and

(d) the steps taken by Government to provide allotment for those on the waiting list?

@Previously Unstarred Question No. 58, transferred from the 17th July, 1986.

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) to (d) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Demolition of Shops in Laxmi Nagar Delhi, by DDA

545. SHRI SURAJ PRASAD: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that on the 25th June, 1986 DDA demolished some shops in Laxmi Nagar, near Priya Darshini Vihar, Delhi;

(b) wheher it is also a fact that no notice was served on the owners of these shops;

(c) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(d) the action being taken against the concerned officials?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH). (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The shops were unauthorisedly constructed on land which was acquired and physical possession of which was taken over by Land Acquisition Collector/DDA on 21-10-70 and placed at the disposal of DDA. This land was acquired for the construction of school and road. DDA do not serve any legal notice for the removal of encroachments as per prevalent practice.

(d) Does not arise.

Welfare schemes for tribals

546. SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA: Will the Minister of WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that more than one crore of the tribals of the total tribal population of 5.36 crores are still not covered by any welfare scheme;

(b) whether Government have worked out any welfare schemes and allotted any amount for these tribals known as 'dispersed tribals';

(c) if so, the details of the scheme;

(d) whether private social welfare organisations will be associated with the scheme and its implementation; and

(e) if so, the details thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WELFARE (SHRI GIRDHAR GOMANGO): (a) No, Sir. Out of total tribal population of 5.10 crores (1981 Census estimates) in 19 tribal sub-Plan States/ Union Territories in the country about 3.71 crores have been covered under ITDPs|MADAs, clusters and primitive tribal projects. The rest of the tribal population are covered under normal poverty alleviation programmes such as IRDP, NREP, RLEGP etc. being implemented in the States and also under schemes in Backward Classes Sector.

(b) and (c) The Ministry of Welfare has issued guidelines to the States in February, 1986 clarifying that the tribal sub-Plan as a strategy is intended to cover the entire tribal population of the State. The Tribals even outside identified project areas are eligible for a share out of special Central Assistance given to the States. A statement showing the number of dispersed tribals and the funds earmarked out of the Special Central Assistance during 1986-87 for them is given in the annexed. Statement (*See* below). The state Governments will formulate beneficiary-oriented schemes for these tribals out of the funds provided to them.

(d) and (e) It will be for the State Government to decide the modalities for implementation of the schemes to be funded out of Special Central Assistance for dispersed tribals. The